LECTURE NOTES ON TESTING MAINTAINANCE OF ELECTRICAL MACHINE (THEORY – 4)

SEMESTER-6th

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· INSTALLATION, CONTRISSION/ING & TESTING O CHAPTER-01 -Inspection of annival of machine and inspection priocedeine before its installation; Anspection of Annivel of Machine : -) anspection is the examination of centring machine may be motor on generator on their parts to inspect for their damge on missing. The mein sing of the Enspection is to check that the machine necessed is in good condition.) Ohis inspection work should be Comied out by some component pensons who have got the Honory machine. The while to inspect and how to inspect Despection on annival of electrical machine following - The wooden crafes containing motors should be Crones. stiding the motor down, an inclinded plank using piper or bars Handling of electroscal machine (motor) Motores should be hendled veny-conefectly to Encrease life and service of the motors. The following precedions should be followed Always cesing lifting hook to lift the motor except in very small frame where no esting hook is provided (b) No not use any odher part of the motor for lifting purposer. @ No not use small projection for dragging the

(d) Do not roll or drag the motor on floor. - Unpacking And checking the motor motor and rife the pocking cases should be checked against the disparter grantfulans. > Any 1015 of packages in the transat should be intimaded to the manufacture on suplier, and 1) 8 pect all pands :-> After enpacking and checking sike machine should be brushed down to demoved all piece of wood wook, packing paper toking etc. -> Sometimes a machine is indendenced with aluning from sit, denninglis lig and covere being jeff love. Proceeding work the institution to chick that the motor name-place getsils gree with supply order procedure for storing a machine of sife = -) The machine should be stoned in clean iday Store house having uniform temp. -) Heferes should be provided to good damponers. -) The ain in the stone noun should not have humidity more than 68%. The demp not below +150c.) Denect Sunlight rosing water, dest, asser water, smoke Schould not be present stone room. yechine should got be kept og

- Methors of heat application: application of heat - Ok heat depends upon the size of motor, dryingfacility available confrition of motor ede Precoudings while Daying out: 1. chamber should have thermal insulation to premit heaf loss. 2. The macking body should be covered with Cogras to prieved herf Viosi 3. Temperature of off an shall be confablled by terning off the Leven from time to time. 4. Local Gengensteine should not exceed 350c. There should be proper cinclestion of dining the chamber. so The furpenofene should be resised greedustly xlot forder than 1000 per hour. 6. He fing should be Continious and steady dempenatione shall be maintained continiously during the entine daying period. Methods of faying out of electrical machine. > 6 By using chamber and resiston hestors = -) The machine to be third Es placed in a drying Chamben. The strying chamber should be volume about 4 times the volume of motor > Ohe am is conculated by means -) The air compensatione as persodicity measured by the Chermomeden.

The floor of stone should not be subjected to Vibrations. In case of vibration, the macks should be placed on nuchben blocks. Ohere should be into smoking sign in the Procedure for inspection of by Electrical Before HS Installation The inspection of the motor should be carning 2. Inspection of dennings by opening the dennings 3. Blowing of the motor with clear, day ain to remove dust. 4. Checking of the roton for early turned by hand. 5. Rectification of defects observed during inspection 6. particular affection should be give antification beenings of the motor. 7. Insulation resistance are tested between winding and frame tested by means tof a medgen step in Druggeg-out of a motor on a Generator preparation of the nyachine sounce of heaf measurement etc. 2. Armange the set up. 3. Apply heat by one of the switche means gradually. 4. Take peniodic neadings of De lock-time the 5. Measure persodically of the insulation redstance 6. Interner of inte stage

The mossibene expelled from the machine letoux of the drying chamber with outlet win. This is a most convinent and simple method vered for medicing and small motors. -) The lemps one bocated in othe chamben
opposite to the moth winding . (The hoton is nemoved) The heating should be confinious of coneficity contracting so that it does not nise too him ther Schooling of damaging the Ensulation. Laken every 12 hours.

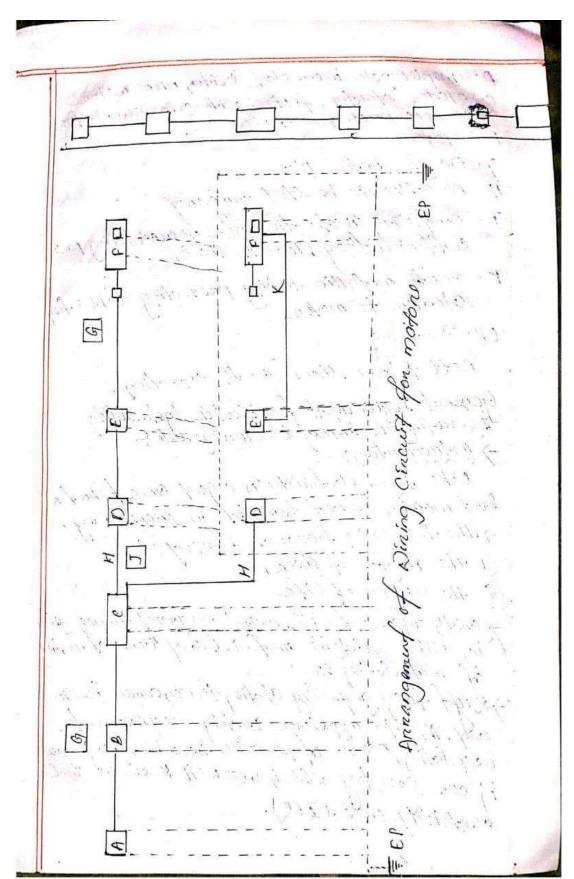
C. By Cinculating short- Cinculat Cunners - Ohis is most convenient medhod of druling me electrical machine such or generator suppling me Synohronous motor, field winding etc ->Oh machine is come retex low vottige sounce. -> The input voltage, cunnent, power the temperature of winding demperature of body-temperature of ain one persolicity messured. -> The inchesse in demperatine should be very granting upto the value of not exceeding 36°C. The croting . down is also greatust. - Affen daying and sin obying vanish should be applied by brush on the winding sunger copy. The motor should be workled constrictly during

GENERALISED PROCEDURE OF INSTALLATIONS OF ELECTRICAL MACHINE : >Installation procedure of an electric motor involve The location of an electrical machine depends on & purpose of installation definite type and size. -> The location plan should pennet to have required wide space all-anound for Continuing inspection, repairing etc. -) Once the location is finalised, the work, of laying out the foundation plan is to be underfaken, laying out means marking of the my be fore with the help of chok on a concrete flow and by a strings with number of pegs. > Excevation of soil way be stonded only when the hype (b) positioning of Machines: of the machine of the location is an job, which ofesenves Cone, SKIll and an afficient deary ovonk >1) equipment may have the weight of a few tons . But if is to be lorded on unlorded to be moved ver on horizontly to bring at the sixe Et on the foundation as well. Different types of lifting devices like poelley. blocks, chains horst, over head crain et be required.

@ Greouling :--) Growfing is a procedure of concenting the michine with the toundation by a concrete mixture of plastic consistency on cement montan. Generally a quick seffing element is used to penfor growting The top of the tounds from block is made raughened melt moisture with witer and wooden poontion are placed all around the machine. -> The height of such wooden partions are placed all anound the machine bounds are kept much higher than they top gop between the top of the foundation and bottom of the machine. -) Quick seffing cement is other pouncy within The boundary with cone to eliminate any aragap widhin &. -) Once Stanfed the powering should be completed confineros by the machine meet be left indistancy for a few days to provide it time to set. (e) Labelling & allignment: After having the machine on the foundation the ampontant jobs to level and allign it with orther acessonies. -> (The lebelling penformed with labelling where Shoe efc.

The honizontal and stide ventical moment of the beary mall is done by paper recliens The pinch hans, spirit level indication are generally used to level the machine. f) fitting of other pants accessonies, piping etc. orther accessories may be joined accordingly. (9) Final lastevelling and alignment: -> After grounting has set in properly accurate civeling Can be Cannied out such levelling brown minon adjustment.

ELECTRICAD WIRING FOR MOTOR -) Evenis money ofteney on firm sends oref e denminal aliagram with his motors and this generally shows how the interoppinding are arranged and how the terminals are letterless. Size of Cable: The current which is stamped on the motor frest losof current connesponding to the nating of > Methods for hostellation of wining for Two on Mone motons = - when wining is to be done for exective motor 1. A sepanate concust may be mun to each motor from fiese obstribution board ORIS merthoof is generally colopted greace of motors of Small Size 20 B) The fiers are to be all on each branch of ample Capacify. 3. The freame of eveny moton shall be earthy hu two separate and distinct competing through earth electrotter The earth congerting should be visible for porciodide inspection. A = Scepply companyis modering panes B. Ino chad main switch with over load C = Power pane Scanned with CamScanner



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D= (iniple pole inon-class switch near motor e= n/oton stander fetted with over currents go-volt preofective fevice F= Moton 9: Danger notice plate H = All cables to be steel annuenced I = cand with instructions for acrustifing persons Suffering from electric shock K- earth metallic tubing protecting Cables frey Standen to motor EP: Carthing notted line shows earth consenting. General Requirement for Electric Installation -> Introduction: Like finer electricity is a good servant beef a bad marter if not handled in proper way. -> The tax masy hazards involved: (1) The garges of shock (a) The degger of life. > Both types of nisk may be negaced to negligible by cering switable material and connect method of motallation etc. - Right from generating Aleting to concumen permise and they to appliance centary requirements, regulation & coole of practice have been lary dray our country which one well know as holing electricity Rule (atr).

c. Concrete faindation The part of a structure which provides a base on support for the machinenes founda fion -) Objects of foundation = 14 Carries and Supports the weight of machine in ongen to prevent any settlement of existing - It maintains the alignment of machine - It gives a level and fing sunface for the machine tonces criefed by reciprocating and rodery means of othe machining elements. - The elepth of concrete foundation will depend on: (1) The weight of machine (il) Amount of vibrations involved (iii) chanacter of the Subsoil Planning the foundations: > The skitc load and dynamic load of runing mackine is transmitted to the ground in the machine foundation. -> Ohe best material for the tourspetito is cornecte. Empires cal formule : (Wx) = Kx Wy where kits the factor commonly taken 2,3 for the. Wy: Es the weight of michine of the height of the foundation - Weight of the fundations Specific wto of midental.

-> The abstract of few imported IER are givenbelow 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 36, 37, 38, 39, 90, 45, 46, 97, 48, 45,50 esc WECESSITY OF :- STARTER (STARTERS -> whin a motor is st next back emf is zeno annafune nessistance is very small There fore above 5HP clinectly friend the motor of natings -) The standing current is very ligh and other heavy ownerf may damage, the annature and also cause a flash other across communitation. - 91 Series with annafeine of the dime of stanting which is greenfuelly contout as the motor gense, and develops back emf which regulation co, the strater are cered for current to Ste value! -) Low voltage is reaching to the motor terminals -) 50 apart from neducing the stanting Current at stand, suitable annangement ani mage for protecting the motor from overloading disconnecting it automatically from -> Hence stanten is an electrically openites designed for accelatating a motor from rest to no tation -> Types of stanfer O Two posed Martin (2) Three point Harden 3) Foren point stanfen.

> Over local neky for secessisty ig motor; + A nelay is a gerice that opens on closes an auxillaty Ckf under some predeternu condition in olbe main concert. -) A nelay is also on electro-magnetically operated (switch). The main part of relay one annotand confacts and coil. - when current flows through the cost, the confacts. Is affinacted and operates the TESTING BEFORE GIVEN SUPPLY & TESTING REPORT -) Testing before given supply are Delectrical check Dryechanicalchock. D'Electrical check: - an sielation resistance fest between instillation and earth. ansulation restistance between conquerton -) Testing of earth continuity -> Earth restistance Test - Trest of polaristy wherether phase flows through the switches on not. - stanting device should be properly Enstalled to save the motor from being damaged. - The prospertive device should be of proper whing - Nouble earthing should be provided for protecting the motor in the of leskage

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1 Aho	mito	2 95	well.	bolded	fown.	1. 1.34
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who				5 5		ene of Controfori licence No!

Testing -> Before the electrical machine is put into Convice Ets Enstelletion should be panned by the electrical inspection.

The desting report mest be approved by gove approve electrical controlor. -> Then the report plong with application is submitted to electricity bornes

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TESTING OF TRANSFORMER Basic ide on dispatch of transformen: - ariansformen are generally dispatch by manufaction of in one of the Fellowing medhods depending upon Size & local condition. 1) Drivery out field with coil mediafens of Senvice (Small dransformer) (2) Calledy oil covering the cone & coil solding (medium transformers) (3) Wirth out in the tank filled with nitrogen at priesseine (longe transformer) > The transferemen may be placed in a streng woaster packing case for dispatch on 1st can also be send out say pack are depending upon the condition transformen. Delivery of transformen at the SAle: The peper transformer are transported to the Side completilly assembly medium power transforme erther completely assembly on with some of the part dismentilled and packed in boxes. - High power transformer and all transformers above 110KV are triansported in partly dismented Condition with Othere redflation high voi busing, oil consenvatores, volt pipe and ain blast System packed Separatly -) LOW & medium power transformer are taken Othere Side by on trocks & high power transformers are meally wagon on roug dailers.

Handling on armival of Side :-The simplest of most convient way to on-log the transformer with the help of crains crains are not available in such cases a drien is to be doge to a depolly equalt ofhe light trasilen plantform & Me transformen is st postation on resile. Inspection of Side: -> On anniver at side other packing Cases should be checked against the disparts paraficular any loss of prokages in the transfert should be communicated to the manufacture and in surcoice company consterner should be Unplaced & inspected for any size feeling, beessiness etc Oil leakage should be checked along the valves Gas proesserve should siso be checked. nonstonmen absorve mossiture when not 14 U.S. Ohene for necessary to checked dietection Strength of the off & Ohe insulstionressistance of the winding before purting them use. lower Alpan 30KV die lectric stringth fors 4 millimenter gap wrod indicate præsence of moiste -) The Oil should be filture and drived in Swithble plant.

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> Checking insulation oresistance of winding; -) Onsulation resistance of windsong should be chiky with a 1000 Volt meger (the Voltage being applied for a person of one minute. -) All the Winding essecpt the Winding under dest should be eartheof during this tes 13 Morage: > () the Fransformen aminived ad to be inskilled immediately don't need long storage , but the transformer which are not to be snokled smorediatly need proper storage to avoid the in slux of mostime enfect of recins on deest ed Civil Work associated with transformer Vil construction features regarding Tystillion -for indoor institution the following frofons Should be Considered: 1) Ventilation (3) Moise level 3) space for free movemen Foundation and ofrecingge of oil It must be strong enough to bear the long transformer with out any vibration &

aprainage of oil: Indoor transformers having oil Copacity with sort pote litres should be priortiles -) Grievel should be spread all onound proper Stopen shoreld be maintanined & sock filled with sand gravel should be provided with manholes. Cabling . -) power Cable and control Cable should never be placed in the Same confust. De Control Cable, profection cht able and Ac power Cables should be repaded from each other. Cable box for trearformen! ond is to be connected by paper inculated -power Cables, Mr. Cable should be Seated and the Cable boxes should be filled with off. 5) Provision for fine protection -) Carchon-deres Chloriole (CC/4) and form filled with s and winder should be kept ready for preovision of scepports of Bushings. ET Oxbles choceled be scepponded or wooder support alogg. with angle enoy to avoid bending of cables conting out of the transformers odherwise who bushings will be Cracked

Location of switch gears -> switch geares should be instilled in a granated run in separate Confust paper. stops to be taken before commissioning of a itting of all accessories are of spotched with some. 1.rcansformers accessories removed and packed in separate. packing to clarkye down transportation. -) The accessories are fifted are: D'Oil Consent to (3) Sillical gel debydinating breather(3) Buchgolz Relig (a) Explosion vent (5) Temperateure infictions formats
(a) Bushing (1) Megnetic oil gruge (8) Top changing (Cooling equipment: @ OH Consensation -> 091 Conservation is sont of drawn, mounted on (The top of othe transformer. A level Englisher in fixed to of which gives along at low level. 2 Consenvation is connected through a pipe to the transformen tank containing off. This off expends and contracte depending upor the heat produced and so the Off level in the conservation resses are Breadher & The breaker is a hox containing Coloran chloride On silliagel to absorb moisture of air extening.
The conservation as it is a well know from That the Ensufation property of the transformer of is lost shough the this breather.

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-> The from former oil should not be allowed to come on contect with odmospheric airs A Small conmount of mosture causes a great decresses so the dielectric strength of trons our moves in and great of the conservation change, action is known is breadling Breadher Containing Sities get on some other driging agent such as calcium chloride This

- Dry silicogel is of blue colour. It terms nint as it absorbs moisture. The wet uchholz relai is a gas accorded reeky which is meent for the protection of oil immerised fransformer from insulation failer. -) The relay is situated in the pipe conserved before of the transformen and the Conservator -> construction and working Totresp of is completely and ready for service, the Contacts of body the iswitches are open--> following procedulion should be taken while enstalling the neky. Dit should be seen that piping and nelay of ane free free from any matter that may fishent Dake distance of reely from consensation should

3 The pipe should stope up from the tenk to the conservation of an engle of 30-1070. Advankages: It is the simplest form of transformen protection It is desects the fruit of a stage much earlier other is possible with other form of protection equipped with conservator tanks. This device can defect fruits only below Oil level in the transformen (4) explosion und :--) It is also safety device of stransformer which produced by any type of short cht in the transform -> This consist of ventical pipe closed by dispheren made of othin bake life sheef. (e) Temperature Indiator: The is also a protecting device fitting to a. transformen to incliente the dempenstane of of the oil. fen measuring the temperature Black pointen indicates the temperature of the Off and its also drive rud pointer. 201411 18 CUMA 184121

D) Bushing The bushing souve as supports and insulation of the beer bores and transformer tensimals. -> The bushing consist of ponce last shell books copper and fower locating westers used for fixing the position of bus borg and mounting singe with hole drilled for fixing bolt and Et Ex also supplied with an earthing both, -> The winding of otransference is comerted to the lines Otherwegh the copper roofs which, one insulated from the tack cover. these are know as bushing -) Oil beeshing is extend for 33kd application and for current reating above 20004. -> Type of bushing () H.V bushing (2) L.V bushing -> Important dest on H.V Bushing @ Type dests (B) Routine dest) > Maintence: (1 Oil strength of the bushing oil must be able to width sterof 40kN of 4mm gap. (3) The insulation resistance value befores One terminals and Hange should be more other 10,000 MSL in case of healthy bushing, (3) If the bushing have been stoned for more than 5 years. He capaciforce should be measured and compared with stempered values.

27, 335 The magnetic oil level gauge supervises the of oil in the conservator tents. -> The oil level gauge as provided on the transformers are of the dist type with minimum and maximum level marking and a pointer which indicate the level of or so the conservation. The voltage control of treensmission -> The dep shenges are enther on-load on off long the changers. The changer is fitted with the finantenmen for adjusting secondary voltage. The voltage contact of the range that the range the range that the range the range to the secondary

producen for filling the off in transformer > The oil is filled in the tank after the follow. inging out of transformentank, cone & C a) filling of oil by means of oil filtering plan Fore filling the oil, the trum former should fitted with all accessonies such and valve gauge · Oil sample should be then and tos Ohen filled the tank. It should be Oil filling operation that no gin pockets reft in the tank and no quest on moisture enteres othe fonk. All the ain vent is opened. Equipment Required for oil filling. storage tank with silicaget (3) Vaccum gauge. dietectric strength desden. sampling cones on boddles 3) Moisture content Meter. (8) Thermomeden with a plus 12 10 Valves filling and hoses. W. M. 1271 431

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Changing the breather with fresh Sillingple Remove the wing nut supporting the body.) Glass container should be squarely fitted on its gasket, other pour re-activated on fresh stica get into othe container uptos revel 1/4 inch from the top. I fix the assembly to the top plate with inspection windows facing outward from the triansformen It wind the wing nuts. > Treansformer oil should be poured into the oil coep centill Et overflows through the Screen hore and fix it to othe assembly widh the set Stillice get is ne-considered by applying heaf to for heating it is over until its colour is nextored to blue. While baking silicing demperature should not exceed 15000 characteristic of transformer of: > 14 should be bove dielection strength. Acidity content should be low. > 14 should have high fish point (104°C) The OTI should be chemical skille -) It should be posses be In viscocity Testing of transformen of. Breek fowg Test (BDV test) Crackle riest D Acidity Hest

(1) Break four fest :-+ 14 is penform to check the dielectric strungth transformer of/ > The dest penformed in the off testing sef. The sample of of is alrown from near the top and bottom of the transformer and thester. -> A lower than 30KV dietectare strength for & grown gap of electnodes could indicate the prevence of moisture of the oil. a) Creschle Test :-+11 is perform to check prevence of most fine in the Ensulating oil, To penform this fest a remple of off is taken in a beaker and oil of 250ml. -) One strong read of 12.5 mm is made read hat and dipped in sample of if othere is my hissing sonny coming Mhrough the oil in the besken, Et indicates The presence of moisture conferts in the oil which will be moistere conferts in othe collabica consider no suitable for the use. 3) Sight Test :--> The test can be performed by thing water in a besker and bent feebe is filled with of the level of oil should not less than 35mm by level of Water in the beoken. -) Close the end of the teebe and fixing on the stand by dipping linto water. 7 If othe bubbles appeared of the jet of will Enaficate the prevence of motstere content in the oil. a) Acidity Test :--> PASS dert is ofone to measure the free cregaric and inoreganic Compound prevent in the one,

A substation is an assembly of apparatus which is installed to control transmi distribution of electric power. is hendled by several substation before if is delivered to the consumen. * Subsigation performs the following openation: > To penform voltage transformation opens tron i.e Step up and stepolown To penform switching openation. perform powerfactor, connection operation. Classification of Substation > According to design cubstation may be 1. Ingloom substition. 2. Outoloon Substation 1. Indoon Substition -> Indoon distribution and Annotonmen Substitution Consist of a Genies of apparatus installed within the Gubst fry building y such substations one generally used for voltage upto 12kV, but can also be enected for 32kV on 66KV with proper annangement. 7 The main equipment of the given installating is connangement in compartments. -> The chambers space, within which the equipment of any main bus-ban, connecting is mounded is rolled cell on companiment.

towhen the electric system is expanded the expanded by using additional earth electrodes and earth win Sepanetly. 8. pass the earth continuity confector through the Galvaniced pipe from being spaninger. 9. The vakue of earth resistance should be not exceed 12 for better penformance. 10. Avoiding the grinting from early conductor Types of earthing -(a) Newfral Earthing (b) Equipment Earthing on levernal Eanthing! point of stan cornected winding of generation transformers and other notating machines. bequeipment Eardhing: Connecting non current caraying metal points of equipment such as Tower, motor body, than stormen come, and tank etc. to the ground is called equipment earthing * points to be connected to Earth in Equipment earthing (E) Metal frame of generator motor and other metallic parts of equipment. 25: light firthings, and chop many switches etc

(b) At the time of accident contact between high voltage and low voltage thousanissing live. (c) when the insuktion of wines punctiones. of when lighting strokes falls on lines. Barapose of Earthing : To save humanlife from dangen on shock on death. -) To protect large building from atmospheric lighting -> To protect all machine To maintain the line Voltage constant. To maintain potential of any pant of a system of a definite value with nespect to earth. preventive maintainance of earthing system: 1. Earth resistivity should be checked half yearly during dry serson and nesult should be with installation records. 2. In case of small substation water should be puneof af regular internal. 3. Electrodes should be checked for any convosity 4. (lightened early connection and should be property welded with earth electrooles. 5. Examine and replace broken earth leads confugtor 6. In case earth electroopes if found connossive raplace Emmediately

Lostallation: 1. check nactines of tounopotron and other olsmenstons as pen the chawings. 2. Oheck the level of foundation sunface. 30 place the based frame street of the Cht breaken in position. / pace foundation net springs washers and tighted make connection of earthing riven to the structure. 4. Assemble operating mechanism in its position so Assemble Support porcelling and interrupting heads. 6. John the links in the mechanism with the links of in the pole unit as explained in the monefacture instruction book. 7. Give auxillary scopply to mechanism for motor for thip cincuit and closing cincuit 8. Tighten all boilts and other accessionies. 9. Measure insulation resistance. 10. Fill quenching medicing after drying out opene from check leakage and ensure leakage free assembly. 11. Make tenminals conjection and openate breaken 12. Openate the breaken from costnot noom by openating The relevant relegs.

now the breaker is nergy for putting into

Procecommissioning Test of breather :-Those fosts are penformed in accondance with the agreed field guality plan 1. Leckage lest 2. Time/contact thevel characterstics 3. (Time test 4. Insulation resistance test of man and auxillary 5. cheking of early connection, 6. Openation of bnesken from local certinol Cabin 7. Openation of breaken from control nown by mancial command by reky comm Harthing Earthing means connecting the 197canaying metal pants cised in electrice, to the general mass of earth by wine of negetige > Ohis brings the body to zero potential avoid the shock to the operation. -) The earth potential is always taken as for all practical purposes The electrical appliances when connected to early affaired zero potentre and are said to be eartheop. Eardhing provides prodection in the following Can a) Insulation breakdown between primary and secondary winding of three place transformer

> On some aurangement two hoeses one provided to which the incoming on outgoing freders are connected one of these buses is called main Bus & -) the sweet of others is called thenselen on auxillary bus. -) serection on Anonsfer switches are used to connect the feeders to one bus: -) The busbans in substition are generally nertinging Shape heet nound tubes, nound sorid bens on square tubes may be used. -) The bushan and usually made of aluminsum workey with Silver. -) The mosg feenctional negucinement of busban system. -> TO canny - the normal current & ovenload current continuosty with limited temperature rise. TO withstand nonnal system voltage -> TO with stand mechanical stresses due to wind short ckt without damage. of To provide low resistance party for connerf flow. > procedure for joining to burken section. -) Clean the busban joint with nough Emenypapen. Apply an oxide greave on the prepare foint Scenface Immediately. The greave is apply to prevent the exposere of prepared scenface to air and moisture. Make foint as early as possible by botting on Clamping.

Connection of main Cable) The cable tenminel box should be clean & moistane chauld be nemoved by blow kmp. The Cable Coven is botted properly No moisture on dint should enter while filling the compound in the Cable box -) The AVC hose Is sleeved on the Colk Conductor which is protected by Vandish Combaic depl. -) The denominal Log is shouldered to the Cable Conduction. Installation of outoloon cht bricken: [. Reservion / stonege a. CEVEL Work 30 pre commissioning checks. I. storage / Reservior: The packing cases one inspending any planned location. Concred stored in 2. CEUEL Works!-The foundation plan is decided on the the base of equipment of the cleannes -> pockets are proveded for growing the foundation botts cable one larg on theys Located in the Cable thenche. The instillation foundation

Inenches and passages are provided for Cobles one other piping > The floor should be connectly levelled and manked according to the drawing 6. Erection: The equipment is installed according othe procedure muntioned in the instruction maried. Some types of lifting devices, special tools etc my be necessa 2. (The assembly is enected venticelly. 2. The ventically is measured & checked by Spenit laber > It is advisable not to adjust the nely mechanism. > Confacts on neky should be inspected for any sign of burning . If necessary emeny popen should be used for cleening. > All the terminals of the netry should be checked for tightness od the Wining should be checked. Installation of Busban! roluctor to which a no. of cincuits are ted Called Bushanhaving conductors & do transport electric current, Generally the Auchan

3. Lucation of Sq:--)The following points should be kept in mind. -) The 10 ration should be fine form moisture dust reptales etc. > Fine proof down, noof ceflling for Endoon Sg -) Cerilling of Cable dust floor should and labeated. 2. Sub devision of sgl--> Installation of fine fighting openation 4. On packing: -) The equipment is packed in Creates and in brought to Site by railway & motor track. -) packing are lowered on the side by means of noop , hoist on chene. > It is to be taken come what equipments are always maintained in upright position. of funther the Edems are Carefully Enspected Visually of any damage found, the mother should be informed to the montgetune & insurence Company immediately & the damaged equipment Should be neturned. 5. foundation: -> The foundation is prepared according to the foundating plan. Holes are provided of foundating

Types of Sig!-1. 1-1 56 2- 4-7 5-9 preliminary preparations report checking centificates and test report of improvement completing of Civil Engg. and annanging the from lifting geens, ongenising labour, the equipment. > prepare the Schoole of inskille they of Sequence Cand for enection of SG equipmen

4. protection fitting:-Bucholz relay, Explusion vent, pressure release (Wirding Temperature Indicator), Breather are fitted to transformer for protection purpose. 5. construction of mounting: -)The foundation plan of The complete substation indicates the building foundation, agand foundation. transformer foundation etc. -) The foundation plan for an individual equipment is recommended by the manufacture. -) particular aftertion should be pary to the design of thensformen folenofation. -> The provision of Cable thenches, earthing met, dreinege, auxillary supply should be taken into consideration. 6. Final comissioning: -Albere are divided in the following confegories:-(2) Equespment dest @ subsystem check (3) Complete System dest (y) commissioning test (5) penformance changefersfies desf. Inskillation of SG devices! > sq are mechadical aprices design to close. on open the contact numbers in a electric associate moder normal on abnormal

Joseph Mating of Ocelolog Substiting - O selection of site for bubsh for 1-> For selecting the Site for a substation the following factor are considered -> Triple of substition -> Availability of switable and sufficient leng. GOOKV Substition - 50 acrelary 220KV (Seek station - 25 acreland 132KV Substation - 10 acre and Communication facility & Atmospheric polletion TAVASIGHTHY of essential amenities to the Drainage facility. Thensport and neceipt of thensy -> The following modes of froms OBY Ship (2) By norg -> The power transformer short nestons, longbusbans, Long bushing need special cone on affecting during -) The mansport of othere excepment should be planned before struting the ofetail design of such equipment. -) The amergement of nord traitors, Chanes, special wagon should be made in advance. The pecesione pennet from recluyy authorsties & rocal authorities chould be obtained for transport.

Insulation resistance cheting of windings The insulsition resistance is messeened meggen. A meggen consist of a D.c generation and mega a metre. -) The standard megger are of 1000VDC, 2:5 KVDC The insulstron resistance is the notice of Vale Volc - It his the applied voltage across two conductors separated by insceletion under test Ide - It is the current flowing through the > Meggen, dest gives clear indication shout held Clear lines and obigness. -> In power mons former the Ensulation ness Hour is measured between each winding and earth -> Between H.V wingting and L.V. Windling In case of orther equipment the insulation rees istance and measured between the tenment (lesting of transformer of/-

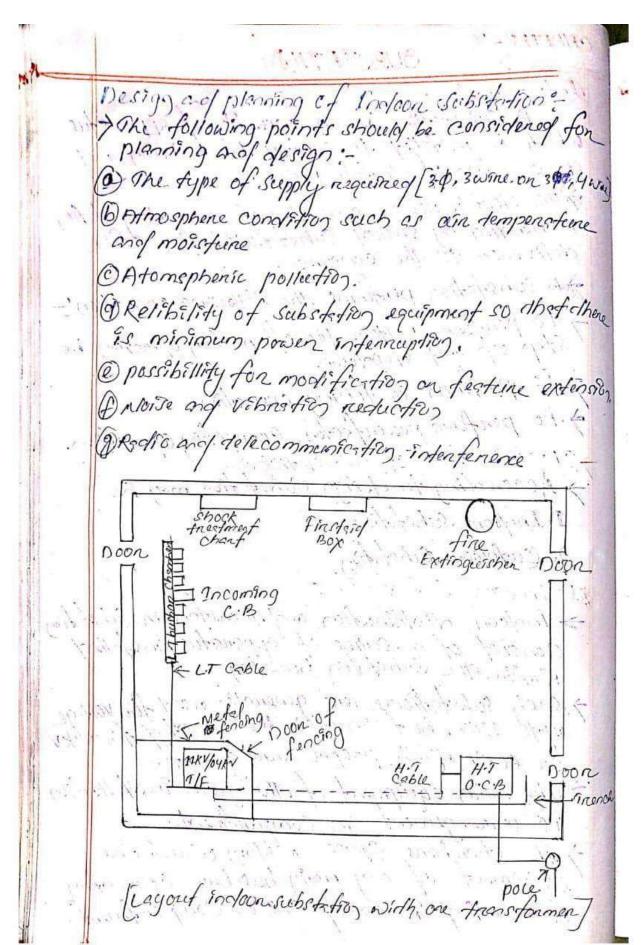
-> An 11KV gang openated switch is installed : for tapping 11KV Scepply to the transformer. -> 11kV fransformen feese one provided between The G.O Switch and 11kV bushing tenning -> Trook from of othe supply can be done by openating the handle located an one of the pole of the structure at distance 2 25m from the ground. -) The Anansformer steps down the Voltage to your 3- P. 4 Wine. The 1-4 nevedented lighting long is connected between any one phase and necetified where as 3-9 scupply is given to 3-9 long. > There substation are the cheapest and smallest Substation so myonaty of distribution substition are pole mounted type. > Foundation mounted sabstition -> Ohis substray are built in the open & all othe equipment is assembled into one unit generally enclosed by a fince for a safety -> Substatus for primary and secondary transmission and secondary distribution [above 300 KVA) are foundfation mounted cutofcon substitut or side selected for setting othere substition must have a good access for beary transport. -> Due to exposed bushan & other equipment, the Cleanence and specing should be made keeping in mind.

>AH.T. fuse is used for protection of H.P. side and an snon clad LA switch is used for protection Cighting annesters are sostilled over H.T. line to prosect from Georges. > Single pole on H-pole and fourpole structures with suitable phoffing are used for phoing fransformers of expectity upto 15KVA, 100KVA and above I corva nespectively

10 March

2. Pene prodection:--> CCLY (Conhon dentry chloride) and form typer extinguisher and buckets filled with sond show be tocated in easily accessible position in Substation. 3. precedion goinst dust and insects -> Indoon substations should be made in accessibly to binds, reptiles, nots, insect and dust - All Cable ducts and openings should be sealed as for as possible! 4. Effect of Atmospheric Confision: -> All steel and man pents should be given anticom coating for installating near chemical famer on gover reports on neither chloringtess point should be caused. 5. Randhing should be effectively earthed. The earth comment of all equipments should be made in diepticate pole Mounteef Substations. -> Such sub-station one constnucted for mounting distribution monstonmen correctly apto 300 RVA -> The equipment is of one form type and is mounted on the Scipporting Anuctime of H.T distributes line. -> ansple pole mechanically opensded swideh it cered for switching ontard OFF the H-T-transmin · live.

General requirement of legant of inclosing 1. Building Constaurtion: -. + Adequate Space chould be provided for placing transform H. 1 and L.T Switchgean, and cable trench for incoming and outgoing cables. -) The beeiloting noom should be specious and have necessary breamance. Sufficient passage and donwys should be provided so that equipments can be moved in on out of hepains. 2. Ventilation :-- There must be tree conculation of sin on sill side of transformen. entry of water any birds through the inlet and outlet for ventilation should be prevented by sppropriate protection 3. Cardhing: - The equipment installed in the substation should be solidly eartheof. Thansformer newfrel should be eardhed. 4. Cable Thench = -> Cable Trench are proveded for laying of cables. There should be projected against entry of water by blocking the openings and filled with gravells on send and covered widh SI considerations for safe openation of substation 1. Fehring our gree for monstonmen encloser; metal fencing with channel snot support is provided to enclose the transformen. A small grate is provided with locking armongement for Safety. The fancing should be earthed to diffinent point



Sil) Earth denotinal of othere prog. Lighting and power plug shocked.

(iv) Steel tower, tubular poles, rasil poles used on over head transmissing time.

(iv) Alex Casing of apparatus.

- Landhing Congections.

(ii) Strip Earthing

(iii) Strip Earthing

(iv) Pipe earthing

(iv) Pite earthing

- respect of chi breaker, stanter, A.c. motor, D.c motor, Re ky.

Introopertion Mindenance is the process for maintaining equipment on machinary in a proper condition. Whe freet diagonosis (515) Repaire of electrical components of a machine los sheef or which the frequency of kull, type repair are retain and maintainance schedule Lotally, weekly monthly on yearly and that deof. -) each equipment in the plat on in hig decitory provided with a history and - The defails about inspection, openation and remark are refained in there Canops. OBJECTIVE OR FUNDAMENTAL OF MAINTAINANCE:-> To maximize functional relatifility To maximize the usefull the of equipment. To minimize total production cort. -> 10 keep the equipments in operating condition so other it continues to meet the hortes - no improve operational cafe to Classification of maintainence -D Connective on breeks/own maintanance

1. CONDUCTOR & EARTH MIRE; of cleanance of toping wine and earth wine to ground should be checked in according to (Indian Electricity Roll In case of say it should be conserded often ofisconnecting the line from the scepply. 5. CONDUCTOR FITTINGS & JOINTS: -) To check; coseness of binding on insulation and af goints. 6) stip of conduction from the insuktion OBsennet jumper and loose fitting 6. GANG OPERATED SWITCH OR FUSE @ To check defective switch (b) Burning on overheating of con @ Panageof ancing confact Yissing on broken earth wine > Binof next coming on the overheaftere should be nemoved. Also remove the bridgest from Cross arms. 8) Earth electrodes should be watered from @ Earth resistance should be check from Ame to finer.

Under ground Cable :boxes should be conefielly insperted othere is any damage on leskage of insulating of all types of Cable Enspection of insulation.

The sistence test should be made requirently. > check of excessive cable temperature. any occumulation of water in abliquets dripping of wister, of, other liquid should be made for any excessive. mechanical pertner which may be caused during Check any spalle-try of insulation. Swelling Connosing of lead sheath.

=	OF Crecuit bn	ecken_;	Captering . by
17.5	Surgo- Act Filty	Peniod sify.	Activety colors
	1. checking of SFG.	weekly	Remote, modituring system available. for alknow.
10	densimonitor	. 1. W. 1.	
VIII.	2. checking of	Yearly/during	Applicable to the E
	par & Ets. Supply	shot down	breaken shove, 220k Systems.
	2. SEG gas leakage	Yearly	
	defector	7. C (1. 1.	\$ 160 K
_ ,.	4. Ste gas pressure is	essonel checking	companiston of the
	Checking with	ike Winder	systems brings Eds
101	domes a contract	heck	regarding ger.
	5. Dew point	0 18 Harr	-00 1 01
2	measurement of	2/3 yearly	Diffinit guide lin
NA.	SEC JOS.	N-3 v. V.	are to be followed depending upon the
12.	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	5 5 5 5 5 6 5 V	manufacture.
400	zuigen kincht	i less in M.	
-		Brown of Sale	

Over head transmissiogline each mondh linspecton at ground level, when the > All overbear lines should be inspected regurdy JOUPPORTS (TOWER) @ Metal Supports: The condition of the concrete foundation should be examined for possible ofamage. 16) whooder poles The poles should be checked for connect allignment and also the underground penson of the pole should be obecked to verify othere is one famoge. @ PCC:-Concrete Et should be checked Mane Cement for crackes. 2. CROSS ARMS: > It should be checked wheather the metallic Cross arms are titled on and wooden choss arms man be decaying owing to not 3. INSULATORS & FITTINGS :-> To check (a) Broker & chip poncelsing 6 (Petted insulations @ Accumulation of duct, coal on Insulation (a) Resting of fittings (e) Burnt and fumed spots of the glaze of insaleton a damged insulation should be nelpholed. 3) Denty insulation should be close after afreconnecting The line from the scepply

Battery n	Tainfaigance Scheofule!
Sento Pensodie	My Manfamance activity
1. Dastej	@ anspect the baffery and neon
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140/2 11.14.00	6 keep the reward of the topk of
1-10	(a) check the \$ 1014ge of the prototo
and Windows	6- 10 1 1 0 60
West Brance	gravity & remperatione of the
to the de with the	electioning of the pilot colls.
. March 15 20	1) Record & Check the temperature.
2. Weekly	Che pathenti venti Conelin
	and dest on the file
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All to the first stage	16) COLCK Chr CONC HA
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	voltage and temperatine of the
know delines to be	@ check for de
	Theok for the plate buckling collection of sectiments of the
V = 01 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	bottom of the cells etc.
and the state of	(e) Give quick trushing change
3. for orghill	gotten eveny heavy dischange.
1 791	Canny out inspection schedule a
	De Toping of all the cells be done
H I	with distillant maden.
	Scanned with CamScan

	- 3			
	6) Oe	check the centre check the king ach cell.	specific graving of exch cell. voltage of Mills bel of election the act nots fightness p	should be
5. Ye		Check florg	deny load &	small
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Condition of Resistance out as cell	of baffere	cell.
	0	point of	the segiment the bottom of each othe nach the acrof nest	Ks; Walls.
VERTICAL TOTAL			Scann	ed with CamScanne

Monthly/ @winding: Check the winding for proper insulation moistere Content should also be checked. Quetenty 6) Breushes: - Check the brushes for Their proper fittings god free pky En brushholden wondact brushes should be replaced. @ commundation - The commundation Sunface should be checked for Scretches and roughnessi - It should be smouthned with the (a) Ball on reoller bearings on The leckage of grave on off from the beging should be observed . If leskage Es notices, on the same clean stand @ Gean Box: - Oil in the gean box should be checked if the oil it not found in @ Winding :- check the winding for 4. Half yearly/ insulation nesistance, cracks of insulation if needed drayout winding, cleen it, vannish it and babe if U (b) Aingep: - Uninformily of Gin gop should Be observed @ Mechanical pands: - The insurfe any outside of frames and betts should be checked. The noton should be observed for missallignment

mary farmance	schequele, of Clechic motons:
1 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Sorto Poniodicity	Manfairma algining
2 Drily	Manfairance activity Dispect and tighter econding of power connection
	(6) Check bearing (look out for over head
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miles in the second of the	@Inspect fieres and relay setting.
- 2	Medical and Appropriate to the control of the contr
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t short title les bring	Ohen of other, creeping of oil along
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1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	DE 31019191
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1	10	Hounty	@ combient dempenatione
			(b) Winding temperature
	2	A NAME OF	Ooil demperature.
	1 7	Carlot Serve	@Load pattern study (resoling of voltage
	•	Defley	Oci7 level is transformen conservation
	d.	a) crig	DOT level in bushing
		samely with	Cooling Cystery (for control & pump Control
	100		DOSES DISTANTA
			(d) Silica gel breadhen
			(e) Relief Diephagneny.
	30	monthly	@ openation/checking of cooling system
	30	The state 24 agest	cause stant/stop of fine & equipment
	4	7-19-1-11	Dipetasis checking of oil leakage.
		1 3	O OF in breadher
		- 34 - 3	
	90	Quadenty	a examine cracks and direct deposits
y : # :	1	(3months)	on bushing
		- A 10	(b) Checking of Siz Con certification
0.7/2	3	(1)	with setting (nation)
		to de della constitución de la c	(c) electrical protection checking [Differential, REF (Restructed contifue over long relay
			Didden ential, REF (Restaurated contiduo
		2 =	Colling relay

Y	
	a) check dielecture strungth and enter content of oil in transformen (e) ryechanical proceeding checking (Buccholz relay, pressure keleeve velve)
50 Half Georly	Descriptive maintagence of for motors. pump Brotons, OLTC derive motors; (OLTC-on load top changen) (D) Checking of earthing (maintank earthing newfreel earthing) (D) Checking of manshal hox (cable box)
port of the same of	(a) Control wine checking (b) Prexillary electrical Etm Like-switcher, controtor, nelays etc.
6. Seanly	Diesting of oil of maintank (top & botten) BDV (Breek down voltage), water Confert, dandelt, DGA (Dissolve gas sarlysis) Diconditioning of insukting
of the species	Telectrico nelly smechania Inelay
e e	(Tightness checking (conjuction clemps,
1 (1) (1) (2) (2) (2)	Roce fine dest (Ratio dest, magnetic balance test, vector group test, winding nestitance Emperglance dest etc.) Profer sock this processor checking (Lesting of associated equipments Cline lightning annestors, line (ci, pt)
	Cine lightning annestors, line (05,01)

(ii) Expecting:--) The maintagence work mainly appends upon the The inspection must be done by serior on competition penson who has got through knowledge of maintanence work: +ale inspection con be exterent inspection and Enference Enspection. Tools & Tackles: > proper tools and fackles are more essential to Canny out maintanence work. -> proper tools reduce (The mount of my for handling heavy equipment and siver fince. Lyventory: Agrentine contact of stones and spanes. It's very necessary for maintaigence section to make the inventory of All the spanes required and should be made rearofly svaikble for use when List of Instruencents (commonly every) fin numbers i-- volumeter with switch A small switch board fitted with vansour size of comphologen and socket outlet . These may be cered for continuity and insulation test. Antraned camps used for heating. An over provided with a for use for daying out Tyegger for measuring endy resistance -> Earth fixeld loop tester for imperforce dest ton earthing Correct

Dany well pay preventive maintance will have following aspect :--@Inspection: how to inspect & whit to inspect. El frequency: How often to inspect Ed scheapites: - When to inspect. (Ev) Organization - who to inspect @ Records: - what to record ord how to record Preventive many faigance Planning > 14 is an important feature of morten industry and if it most commonly used in the maintanance depondment -) The maintanance engineer should inspect the plant peniodically under working confishing 8 also why Et is at west with good planing & preparation. The planning of mintainna should be Colegonized in the following way @Roufine maintance (b) periodically [weekly, four trightly, monthly on half yearly @ Maintainance of fruit as and when the fault @ Occurs Advantages at provertive againteenence > It prevents unscheduled Entennueption to vansous machines and excepment and prematiene of flune > It reduces the breakyoung mol Encueres the efficiency of equipment and mckinging equipment and was cost of machine and It makes working condition better > 1) crese (ife of machine.

Tess stand by equipment is nequined and befren Conservation of aspects. -) provides grafer suffery and protection to worker > It helps to play flexibility in openation due to accreticate knowledge of machine confition. It lowers wear and team of machine and the egrerpment. Breenkdown Maintainence: 7 When Englishment plant on exectnical machine are recoping and stop incidently, Et is know as Breakford Cause of Breeaksfown: -1) frusty design continuecting Descoured were of instalk tion Integrigence. @ Over long (B) Wear & dear 6 Accident Delectrical design fault -> Breck your maintenance is cannied out as one when necessary. -> The following points on factors are recommended Enchemontation to breakdown mointainer. DEngineering records:-The proper entry of all defected face the into the history card of the equipment is of special > Other cond will tell us the overell constitut of The exipment

1) Corrective or breeck ofown mintinence: fills on yournot work Shrisfoctorilly. In this type acting such as repair replacement on nectone will be connied out offen the occurrage of fatherne preventive mainfrimance; -> preventive maintainance is coursoned to neduce The fasture of equipment to minimum 3. Contracted maintaines -) In configately maintenance contract deams are agreed upon by the supplier of the equipment and visces of may inchease both preventive my connective maintance. Preeventile reamfance and plannings -> It is an important feature of modern saturby and Et is most commonly essed in the mintine this ceine I It is a set of getiveties that one perform on plant equipment, machingry & Rysten before occurance of a farkene isongen to project them and to prevent on elinenate any degrating > Basically function of other section are:-Denio Les vinea enspection of vontous equipment to locate constition reacting to breakyoung. 3) up keep of equipment and repair defent at Their initial stage. (3) TO offered moint