## **LESSON PLAN**

## DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING, ITT, CHOUDWAR

SUBJECT: EMI Periods: 5per week SEMESTER: 4th

NAME OF FACULTY: MANOJA KUMAR BEHERA No. of weeks: 15

Week	Period	Theory / Practical Topics
1st	1 <sup>st</sup>	Define Accuracy, precision, Errors, Resolutions Sensitivity and tolerance
	$2^{\rm nd}$	Classification of measuring instruments
	$3^{\rm rd}$	Explain Deflecting, controlling
	4 <sup>th</sup>	damping arrangements in indicating type of instruments
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Calibration of instruments
2 <sup>nd</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Describe Construction, principle of operation, errors, ranges merits and demerits
_		Moving iron type instruments
	$2^{\text{nd}}$	Describe Construction, principle of operation, errors, ranges merits and
		demerits Moving iron type instruments
	$3^{\rm rd}$	Permanent Magnet Moving coil type instruments
	4th	Dynamometer type instruments
	5th	Rectifier type instruments
3 <sup>rd</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Induction type instruments
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Induction type instruments
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Extend the range of instruments by use of shunts and Multipliers
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Solve Numerical
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Solve Numerical
4 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Describe Construction, principle of working of Dynamometer type
		wattmeter
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Describe Construction, principle of working of Dynamometer type
		wattmeter
	$3^{\rm rd}$	The Errors in Dynamometer type wattmeter and methods of their correction
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Discuss Induction type watt meters
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Discuss Induction type watt meters
5 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Energymeters and measurement of energy Introduction
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Single Phase Induction type Energy meters – construction, working
		principle and their compensation & adjustments.
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Single Phase Induction type Energy meters – construction, working
		principle and their compensation & adjustments.
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Testing of Energy Meters
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Tachometers, types and working principles
6 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Tachometers, types and working principles
-	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Principle of operation and construction of Mechanical and Electrical resonance
		Type frequency meters
	$3^{\rm rd}$	Principle of operation and construction of Mechanical and Electrical
		resonance Type frequency meters
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Principle of operation and construction of Mechanical and Electrical
		resonance Type frequency meters
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Principle of operation and working of Dynamometer type single phase and
		three phase power factor meters
7 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Principle of operation and working of Dynamometer type single phase and
		three phase power factor meters

	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Classification of resistance
	$3^{\rm rd}$	Measurement of low resistance by potentiometer method
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Measurement of medium resistance by wheat Stone bridge method
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Measurement of high resistance by loss of charge method
8 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Construction, principle of operations of Megger & Earth tester for insulation
		resistance and earth resistance measurement respectively.
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Construction, principle of operations of Megger & Earth tester for insulation
		resistance and earth resistance measurement respectively.
	$3^{\rm rd}$	Construction and principles of Multimeter. (Analog)
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Construction and principles of Multimeter. (digital)
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Measurement of inductance by Maxewell's Bridge method
9 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Measurement of capacitance by Schering Bridge method
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Define Transducer, sensing element or detector element
	$3^{\rm rd}$	transduction elements
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Classify transducer. Give examples of various class of transduce
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Classify transducer. Give examples of various class of transduce
10 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Resistive transducer
	$2^{nd}$	Linear and angular motion potentiometer
	$3^{\rm rd}$	Thermistor and Resistance thermometers
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Wire Resistance Strain Gauges
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Inductive Transducer
11 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Principle of linear variable differential Transformer (LVDT)
	$2^{nd}$	Uses of LVDT
	$3^{\rm rd}$	Capacitive Transducer
	4 <sup>th</sup>	General principle of capacitive transducer
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Variable area capacitive transducer
12 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Change in distance between plate capacitive transduce
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Change in distance between plate capacitive transduce
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Piezo electric Transducer
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Hall Effect Transducer with their applications
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Principle of operation of Cathode Ray Tube
13 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Principle of operation of Cathode Ray Tube
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Principle of operation of Oscilloscope (with help of block diagram)
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Principle of operation of Oscilloscope (with help of block diagram)
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Measurement of DC Voltage & current.
14 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Measurement of DC Voltage & current.
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Measurement of AC Voltage, current, phase & frequency
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Measurement of AC Voltage, current, phase & frequency
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Revision
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Revision
15 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Revision
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Revision
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Revision
	4 <sup>th</sup>	Revision
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Revision